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Quit[];

(* AUTOVALORI ED AUTOVETTORI *)

(* Esempio 1. *)

a = {{1, 2, -1}, {4, 1, -1}, {2, 0, 1}};
id = IdentityMatrix[3];
MatrixForm[a]
Eigenvalues[a]
Eigenvectors[a]


$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 4 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\left\{ 3, -\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3} \right\}$$



$$\left\{ \{2, 3, 2\}, \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, 1 \right\}, \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, 1 \right\} \right\}$$


a1 = a - λ * id;
MatrixForm[a1]
eq = Det[a1] == 0
eval = Solve[eq, λ]


$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 - \lambda & 2 & -1 \\ 4 & 1 - \lambda & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 - \lambda \end{pmatrix}$$



$$-9 + 3\lambda + 3\lambda^2 - \lambda^3 = 0$$



$$\left\{ \{\lambda \rightarrow 3\}, \left\{ \lambda \rightarrow -\sqrt{3} \right\}, \left\{ \lambda \rightarrow \sqrt{3} \right\} \right\}$$


eval[[1]]
eval[[2]]
eval[[3]]


$$\{\lambda \rightarrow 3\}$$



$$\left\{ \lambda \rightarrow -\sqrt{3} \right\}$$



$$\left\{ \lambda \rightarrow \sqrt{3} \right\}$$


x = {x1, x2, x3};
sys1 = Dot[(a1 /. eval[[1]]), x] == 0
sol1 = Solve[sys1, x][[1]]
sol1 /. x3 → 2


$$\{-2x1 + 2x2 - x3, 4x1 - 2x2 - x3, 2x1 - 2x3\} = 0$$


Solve::svrs : Equations may not give solutions for all "solve" variables. >>


$$\left\{ x1 \rightarrow x3, x2 \rightarrow \frac{3x3}{2} \right\}$$



$$\{x1 \rightarrow 2, x2 \rightarrow 3\}$$


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sys2 = Dot[(a1 /. eval[[2]]), x] == 0;
sol2 = Solve[sys2, x][[1]]
sol2 /. x3 -> 1

```

Solve::svars : Equations may not give solutions for all "solve" variables. >>

$$\left\{x_2 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \left(-3-\sqrt{3}\right) x_3, x_1 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \left(1+\sqrt{3}\right) x_3\right\}$$

$$\left\{x_2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left(3+\sqrt{3}\right), x_1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left(-1-\sqrt{3}\right)\right\}$$

```

sys3 = Dot[(a1 /. eval[[3]]), x] == 0;
sol3 = Solve[sys3, x][[1]]
sol3 /. x3 -> 1

```

Solve::svars : Equations may not give solutions for all "solve" variables. >>

$$\left\{x_2 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \left(-3+\sqrt{3}\right) x_3, x_1 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \left(1-\sqrt{3}\right) x_3\right\}$$

$$\left\{x_2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left(3-\sqrt{3}\right), x_1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left(-1+\sqrt{3}\right)\right\}$$

(\* Secondo esempio \*)

```

Clear[a];
a = {{0, 1}, {-1, 0}};
id = IdentityMatrix[3];
MatrixForm[a]
Eigenvalues[a]

```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\{\pm i, -\pm i\}$$

(\* Terzo esempio \*)

```

Clear[a];
a = {{1, 1}, {-1, 2}};
id = IdentityMatrix[3];
MatrixForm[a]
Eigenvalues[a]

```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left\{\frac{1}{2} \left(3+i \sqrt{3}\right), \frac{1}{2} \left(3-i \sqrt{3}\right)\right\}$$

(\* Quarto esempio \*)

```

Clear[a];
a = {{1, 1, 0}, {-1, 2, 0}, {0, 0, 3}};
id = IdentityMatrix[3];
MatrixForm[a]
Eigenvalues[a]

```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left\{3, \frac{1}{2} \left(3+i \sqrt{3}\right), \frac{1}{2} \left(3-i \sqrt{3}\right)\right\}$$

(\* Quinto esempio \*)

```
Clear[a];
a = {{1, 2, 3}, {-1, -2, -3}, {4, 5, 1}};
id = IdentityMatrix[3];
MatrixForm[a]
Eigenvalues[a]
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & -2 & -3 \\ 4 & 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left\{ i\sqrt{2}, -i\sqrt{2}, 0 \right\}$$